APPENDIX VIII.

[Vide answer to Starred Question No. 2280, asked by Sri T. S. Ramaswami, at the meeting of the Legislative Assembly, held on 12th December 1961, page 513 supra.]

(*a*) *Details about the Central Government Schemes for the supply of cows and Murrah buffaloes at concessional rates to the breeders in the State* :—

(i) Distribution of Hariana cattle under Wild Cattle Catching Scheme.

(ii) Distribution of buffalo calves under the scheme for the salvage of buffalo calves from milk colonies like Aarey (Bombay, etc.).

Under the scheme mentioned in item (i) above, stray Hariana cows and heifers available in Punjab State and Delhi are supplied free of cost to the State Governments, Goshalas, bona fide breeders, farmers' co-operative societies, temple goshalas, public or private institutions, etc., by the Government of India. Stray cattle, which are said to be in thousands, roam about uncared for in the North India States. In order to prevent damage and loss to crops by these stray cattle, the Government of India have instituted the scheme for catching these animals and supplying useful cattle to other States which may require them for breeding purposes. The details of the scheme and terms and conditions on which stray productive cattle are made available to the State Governments, private or public institutions and individual breeders, etc., are in Annexure 'A'.

Under the Scheme mentioned in item (ii) above, surplus buffalo calves bought by the Government of India from the Milk Colonies at Aarey (Bombay) and Harringhatta (Calcutta) are distributed free to Farmers' Co-operatives, Goshalas, bona fide breeders, private institutions, etc. The details of the scheme and terms and conditions for the supply of buffalo calves to private or public institutions and bona fide breeders, etc., are in Annexure 'B'; and

(*b*) how far have the Government availed of the concession?

Government farms.—

(i) One hundred and sixty-four hariana cows and heifers have been obtained under the "Wild Cattle Catching Scheme" for the Animal Husbandry Department to be reared in Government Farms and the above hariana cows and heifers are now stationed, at the Ramanathapuram District Livestock Farm, Chettinad.

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(ii) One hundred and sixty-nine high breed buffalo calves have been obtained in three consignments from Aarey Milk Colony, Bombay, as detailed below under the Scheme for the salvage of buffalo calves from milk colonies like Aarey, etc.—

Number of consignments.	*Particulars of calves obtained.*			*Date of receipt of calves.*
	Male.	*Female.*	*Male.*	
1	2	85	87	12th April 1959.
2	..	50	50	11th April 1960.
3	12	20	32	14 October 1960.
	14	125	169	

All the above buffalo calves were received at the Livestock Research Station, Hosur Cattle Farm (Salem district) on dates specified above.

For private breeders—

The number of animals allotted to private breeders, milk supply unions, etc., under the Wild Cattle Catching Scheme were as follows :—

During 1959–60	1,447
During 1960–61	758
During 1961–62 up to May 1961	159

The names and addresses of the breeders, institutions, etc., to whom calves were supplied from Milk Colonies, Aarey, and Harringhata, are as below :—

Serial number and name and address.	*Calves lifted*		*Total.*	*Colony from whom cows were supplied.*	*Remarks.*
	Male.	*Female.*			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
1 Secretary, Coimbatore Co-operative Milk Supply Union, Coimbatore.	5	45	50	Aarey Colony.	2nd April 1960.
2 President, Madras Co-operative Milk Producers Society Limited, Ayanavaram, Madras.	..	32	32	Do.	29th March 1960.
3 Shri M. Gulam Mohideen, M.P. Uthamapalayam, Madurai district.	15	30	45	Harringhatta.	15th September 1960.
	5	15	20	Do.	30th December 1960.
4 Shri R. Govindarajulu Naidu, M.P. Red Hills, Madras.	1	15	16	Aarey colony.	19th September 1960.

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Annexure 'A'.

Terms and conditions on which stray productive cattle will be made available to the State Governments, private or public institutions and individual breeders, etc.

I. Cattle will only be given to the following :—

(*a*) State Governments.

(*b*) Farmers' Co-operative Societies, Goshalas, Pinjrapoles, temples, public or private institutions.

(*c*) Bona fide cattle breeders who may be having the necessary facilities such as land, etc., for their proper maintenance.

II. The cattle will be given only for breeding purposes and will not be sold by the recipients for slaughter.

III. In the matter of allotment, preference will be to the State Governments, Farmers' Co-operative Societies, Goshalas and Pinjrapoles, temples and other institutions which agree to maintain sufficient number of Hariana bulls for breeding purposes.

IV. The application for the allotment of cattle would be sponsored and recommended by the Block Development Officers, District Officers of the Animal Husbandry/Agriculture Department or the Deputy Commissioners.

V. The number of cattle to be allotted in the case of private bona fide breeders will as far as possible be a wagon load.

VI. The recipients will be required to maintain proper account of these cattle which should be made available for inspection at any time, if so required, by the Officer of the Central or State Governments or any other person authorised by them.

VII. The cattle will be allowed to be taken by road marches only up to a distance of 250 miles. If the distance is more than 250 miles, they should be taken by rail.

VIII. The recipients will arrange to receive the cattle on dates and at places as per allotments, and also make necessary arrangements for their feeding, attendance and transport, etc.

IX. Proper arrangements for their feeding, etc., during the transit shall be made by the recipients.

X. Cattle will be allotted in batches to the parties according to availability. The recipients will not be allowed to make their own selection.

XI. Only stray productive cattle of Hariyana breed (dry cows, heifers, young female calves) are available for supply under the scheme.

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XII. Institutions taking 50 or more cattle will be required to arrange at their own cost approved Hariana bull for making these cows.

XIII. The Railways have extended 40 per cent concession in the normal freight for the transport of these cattle from Delhi and Punjab.

XIV. In order to facilitate correspondence the breeders should clearly and correctly specify their address in the application together with the name of the State and District Headquarters and nearest railway station.

XV. Since the Ministry are not running any Transit Camps as yet it is suggested that the breeders or their representatives should come, prepared to stay for 15 to 20 days approximately, for lifting 50 or more cattle and 10 to 12 days for lifting less than 50 cattle.

XVI. In any matter not specifically provided for, the decision of this Ministry shall be final and binding.

Annexure 'B'.

Under this Scheme the cattle owners in the colony will rear the calves up to an age of 4 to 6 months. The calves having standard weight and health would then be purchased by the Government of India by paying a subsidy of Rs. 125 to Rs. 150 per calf. These calves will then be allotted free of cost f.o.r., Aarey Colony, Bombay. While making such allotment preference will be given to State Governments, Goshalas, Farmers' Co-operative Societies, *bona fide* cattle breeders, etc., who will rear them for breeding purposes. The terms and conditions on which these calves would be supplied are given below—

Terms and conditions for the supply of buffalo calves to private or public institutions and bona fide *breeders, etc.*

1 The Government will purchase four to six months old calves from cattle owners in Bombay (Aarey Colony).

2 The approximate weight of the male calf and female calf at the age of six months would be not less than 180 to 170 lb., respectively.

3 The calves will be supplied free of cost f.o.r., Aarey Colony, Bombay.

4 The transport of these calves by rail will be allowed at a concessional rate of 50 per cent.

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5 The calves will be allotted to State Governments, farmers' co-operative societies, Goshalas, public or private institutions, *bona fide* breeders, etc.

6 The calves will be given for breeding purposes only.

7 The application for the allotment of calves should be duly recommended by the Block Development Officers, District Officers of the Animal Husbandry, Agriculture or Co-operation Department to the Director of Animal Husbandry of the State who may place a consolidated demand with the Government of India, Ministry of Food and Agriculture.

8. The recipients will arrange to receive these calves on fixed dates and make necessary arrangements for their transport, attendance and feeding during transit, etc.

9 Calves will be allotted in batches of wagon loads to the parties according to availability. The recipients will not be allowed to make their own selection.

10 The allottees will be requested to keep the female calves till first calving and will not be allowed to sell the same earlier.

11 In the case of male calves, the allottees will be required to rear the calves till maturity as a bull. The Government will have preference for the purchase of the same for breeding purposes even at an earlier age.

12 The allottees will be required to feed and look after these calves properly.

13 The recipients will be required to maintain proper account of these calves which should be made available for inspection at any time, if so required, by the Officer of the Central or State Government or any other persons authorised by them.